

Table 9. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by major occupational group and number of days away from work, state government, South Carolina, 2016

Occupation	Percent of cases involving								Median days away from work
	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	
Total	100.0	13.3	6.7	14.7	12.0	8.0	6.7	38.7	15
Management occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Business and financial operations occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Computer and mathematical occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Architecture and engineering occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Life, physical, and social science occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Community and social service occupations	100.0	18.2	--	18.2	18.2	--	--	18.2	6
Legal occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Education, training, and library occupations	100.0	--	--	--	--	66.7	--	--	15
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	100.0	--	--	--	40.0	--	--	40.0	9
Healthcare support occupations	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	62.5	96
Protective service occupations	100.0	--	--	20.0	--	--	10.0	55.0	39
Food preparation and serving related occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	14
Personal care and service occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Sales and related occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Office and administrative support occupations	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	15
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Construction and extraction occupations	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	60.0	43
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	100.0	71.4	--	--	--	--	--	--	1
Production occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Transportation and material moving occupations	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	30

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 02, 2017